



#### **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION**

Manufacturer: UTILITY

700 Main Street Westbury, NY 11590 Tel: 1-516-997-6300 Fax: 1-516-997-6345

Web Site: www.UtilityChemicals.com E-mail: info@UtilityChemical.com

Product Name:

**Best Waste Away Drain Cleaner** 

For any transportation or medical chemical emergencies call:

INFOTRAC: (800) 535-5053

24 hours per day - 7 days a week

Revision date: 2015-04-09

Recommended Use:

Liquid drain opener for opening clogged drains, dissolving

organic matter and melting heavy grease deposits

#### **SECTION 2 - HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION HMIS** Label **NFPA** HEALTH HAZARD FIRE HAZARD Flash Points 4 Deadly 4 Below 73°F (Boiling pt. below 100°F) 3 Extreme Danger 3 Below 73°F (Boiling pt. at/above 100°F) 2 Hazardous and/or at/above 73°F - not exceeding 100°F 0 Minimal Hazard HEALTH 1 Slightly Hazardous 2 Above 100°F, Not exceeding 200°F 1 Slight Hazard 0 Normal Materia 1 Above 200°F FLAMMABILITY 0 2 Moderate Hazard 0 Signal word Will not burn 3 Serious Hazard 2 REACTIVITY 4 Severe Hazard INSTABILITY DANGER H PPE 4 May detonate 3 Shock and heat may detonate SPECIFIC HAZARD 2 Violent chemical changes Oxidizer OX Use NO WATER 1 Unstable if heated Simple Asphyxiant SA Health **Environmental Physical** Acute Toxicity: Cat. 5 Skin Corrosion: Cat. 1 Acute Toxicity: N/A Flammability: N/A Eye Irritation: Cat. 2B Chronic Toxicity: N/A Other: N/A Skin Sensitization: NO **Precautionary Statement Hazardous Statement** CAUSES SEVERE BURNS. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Do not allow to be taken internally. Keep out of reach of children.

## **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

 Hazardous Chemicals
 CAS #
 EINECS#
 Approx %

 SULFURIC ACID
 7664-93-9
 231-639-5
 90-99.9%

Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirement of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR372. This information must be included in all SDS that are copied and distributed for this material.

## **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration only if breathing has stopped. Give cardiopulmonary resuscitation if

there is no breathing and no pulse. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin: Immediately flush with running water for at least 20 minutes. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get medical attention. Completely decontaminate clothing and shoes before re-use.

Eyes: Flush immediately with water for at least 20 minutes. Forcibly hold eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of eye/lid

tissue. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give 1/2 to 1 glass of water to dilute material. DO NOT INDUCE

VOMITING. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear and give more water. Get immediate medical attention.

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#### **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Unsuitable **Small Fire:** Water

**Dry Chemical Organic Materials** 

Carbon Dioxide Large Fire:

Water; expect violent reaction.

## Specific Hazards

Not flammable but highly reactive. Capable of igniting finely divided combustible materials on contact. Hydrogen can accumulate to explosive concentrations

## **Protective Equipment**

Self-contained breathing apparatus {(SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH}. Full protective gear.

#### **Special Firefighting Procedures**

inside confined spaces.

For fighting fires in close proximity to spill or vapors, use acid resistant personal protective equipment. Evacuate residents who are downwind of fire. Prevent unauthorized entry to fire area. Dike area to contain runoff and prevent contamination of water sources. Neutralize runoff with lime, soda ash or other suitable neutralizing agents. Cool containers that are exposed to flame with streams of water.

## **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal Precautions: Allow only trained personnel wearing appropriate protective equipment to be involved in the spill

response.

**Protective Equipment:** None. **EmergencyProcedures:** None.

**Environmental Precautions:** Prevent material from entering waterway.

Methods for Cleaning-Up: Dike area, prevent material from entering waterway.

> Remove all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak at source, if safe to do so. Collect into containers for reclamation or disposal. Deactivating chemicals: Lime, limestone, sodium carbonate, sodium

bicarbonate, dilute sodium hydroxide, dilute aqua ammonia.

Other Precautions: None.

## **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling Storage

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breathe sprays or mists. Do not ingest. Wash thoroughly after handling. Always add acid to water - NOT water to acid.

Store packaged acid in a dry, well ventilated location away from combustibles, oxiders, bases or metallic powders. Keep ignition sources away from sulfuric acid storage, handling and transportation equipment. Store above freezing point (-21.1°F @ 93%).

Other Protective Equipment

# SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**OSHA Exposure Limits** 

**Hazardous Components ACGIH-TLV OSHA-PEL** SULFURIC ACID 1 mg/m3 1 mg/m3

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH approved respirators to prevent overexposure.

Protective Gloves

Ventilation:

None.

Local exhaust ventilation required.

Neoprene/PVC Gloves. **Chemical Safety Goggles** 

Eves and Face Protection Coveralls, boots and other acid

resistant protective clothing.

Other Precautions:

Other Protective Equipment:

#### **Engineering Controls**

Showers. Eyewash stations. Ventilation systems. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

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## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance: Dark brown-black

Odor: Sharp penetrating odor

**Odor Threshold:** N/A :Ha <1.0 Melting/Freezing Point: N/A / -21.2 F<sup>0</sup> **Boiling Point:** 535°F

**Boiling Range:** N/A Flash Point: N/A **Evaporation Rate:** N/A Flammability: N/A

Unstable

Flammability Limits: LEL: N/A; UEL: N/A Volatile by Volume:

Vapor Pressure: @ 102°F - 0.0016 mmHg

Vapor Density: 34 Relative Density: N/A Solubility: 100% Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water: N/A N/A **Auto-ignition Temperature:** 

@ 60°F - 1.84 Specific Gravity (H20=1):

Viscosity: N/A VOC: 0 a/l

#### **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **Stability**

Stable

Inhalation

Skin Contact

Eve Contact

Ingestion

## **Hazardous Polymerization**

May Occur

Will Not Occur



#### **Conditions To Avoid**

Open flames, sparks, and ignition sources. DO NOT add water to acid.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Carbides, Chlorates, Fulminates, Nitrates and Picrates. (May cause fire and explosion). Contacts with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas. DO NOT add water to acid.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Toxic gases and vapors (sulfur dioxide, sulfuric acid vapors and sulfur trioxide) may be released when sulfuric acid decomposes.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Likely Routes of Exposure**

Symptoms/Effects Vapor or mist from concentrated solutions may cause irritation of the eyes, nose and respiratory

tract. May cause increased pulmonary resistance, transient cough and bronchoconstriction. Severe exposure may result in lung collapse and pulmonary edema which can be fatal. Concentrated solution may cause pain and severe burns to the skin and brownish or yellow stains. Prolonged exposure and repeated exposure to the dilute solutions may cause irritation. redness, pain and drying and cracking of the skin. Immediate pain, severe burns and corneal damage which may result in blindness. Severe burning and pain in the mouth, throat and abdomen. Vomiting, diarrhea and perforation of the esophagus and stomach lining may occur.

Long-Term Effects:

N/A

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Asthma, bronchitis, emphysema and other lung diseases and chronic nose, sinus or throat condition. Severity of the burn is generally determined by the concentration of the solution and duration of exposure. Cream or ointment should not be applied before or during the washing phase of treatment.

Toxicity

**Hazardous Components** LD50

Oral: 2,140 mg/Kg (rat)

LC50

SULFURIC ACID Inhalation: 510 mg/m3 (rat)

## **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity:** None. Persistance & Degradability: None. **Bioaccumulative Potential:** None. **Mobility in Soil:** None

Other Adverse Effects: Moderately toxic to aquatic organisms. 24.5 ppm/24 hr./bluegill/lethal/fresh water.

42.5 ppm/48 hr./prawn/LC50/salt water.

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## **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Do not flush to surface water or sanitary sewer system. Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. If approved, neutralize and transfer to waste treatment system.

#### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

**Shipping Information** 

Shipping Name: Sulfuric Acid Exception: This product, when packaged and distributed in a

Hazardous Class: 8 quantity and form intended or suitable for retail sale and designed

I.D. Number:

UN1830

For consumption by individuals for their personal care or household use purposes, may qualify as a "Consumer"

Label Required: Corrosive Commodity". As such, it can then be exempted from certain

Marine Pollutant: No labeling, packaging and shipping requirements.

#### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

EPA Regulation: Listed on TSCA inventory list.

**SARA TITLE III/CERCLA:** 

SULFURIC ACID SARA/CERCLA RQ (LB)—1000, SARA EHS TPQ (LB)—1000

SECTION 311 HAZARD CLASS: Immediate

SARA 313 Toxic Chemicals: Sulfuric Acid may be subject to reporting requirements.

CANADA: Acceptable for use under the provisions of CEPA.

Listed on CANADA DSL

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Class D-1A Very Toxic Material

Class E: Corrosive

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Disclaimer

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